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Section 1: Introduction

1.1 DO

1. DO follow proper storage procedures. Improper storage will void warranty.
2. DANGER: DO check for proper motor rotation. If valve goes wrong direction when button is pushed, you have no torque or limit protection. 3-Phase incoming power voltage must have 2 wires reversed.
3. DO read and follow procedures before attempting to energize actuator.
4. DO cut off electric power before opening switch compartment.
5. DO install relief vent in highest point of gearbox.
6. DO use valve stem covers of sufficient length.
7. DO clean electrical enclosure flange thoroughly & lightly grease before closing.
8. DO secure electrical enclosure bolts (10-12 ft-lbs).
9. DO follow an annual maintenance procedure.
10. DO use caution when working on, with, or around valves and actuators. You can be dealing with high pressures, forces, voltages and flammable media.

1.2 DON’T

1. Don’t Start-up without reading this manual.
2. Don’t stack actuators.
3. Don’t store actuator on the ground unprotected.
4. Don’t lift the unit by clutch lever or handwheel.
5. Don’t lift a valve assembly by electrical actuator.
6. Don’t operate electrically without first checking proper phase rotation, torque and position limit switch adjustments (follow instructions on pgs 2, 4 and 5).
7. Don’t plug actuator motor by starting and stopping repeatedly to move a too stiff valve. Check for cause.
8. Don’t jumper torque switches except as recommended by Wiring Diagram or Valve Manufacturer.
9. Don’t use oversize thermal motor overloads to eliminate tripping problem. Find cause and correct.
10. Don’t use a cheater to force the handwheel. You can damage gearing and shafts. Find cause and correct.
11. Don’t torque seat valve, sluice gate or damper unless the valve manufacturer recommends.
1.3 Lubrication

Bettis Actuators are factory filled with a high quality lubricant carefully selected to insure actuator performance under specified operating conditions. Refer to Bettis JOB SPEC SHEET to identify the lubricant provided. Normal operation may not require lubricant replacement.

1.4 Maintenance

At least once a year a check should be made of your Bettis actuator.

   a. Disconnect all electrical power to actuator.
   b. Open electrical enclosure. Inspect & tighten all electrical connections.
   c. Visually inspect for any electrical or mechanical damage. Replace worn or damaged components.
   d. Check lubrication consistency and level. Fill or replace if required.

1.5 Pressure Relief

During operation of electric actuator, the gear temperature increase in combination with variations of outdoor temperature will cause a small pressure build-up within actuator gear box. Bettis furnishes Pressure Relief Vent Fitting Part No. 83385. Placement on Actuator can be determined only after field location and position of valve has been determined. Select the highest 1/2 NPT vent location on actuator gear box; remove 1/2 NPT plug and replace with 83385. The possible locations of vent are shown on Bettis Outline Drawing.
1.6 **Short Term Storage**

(Stored at Job Site less than one year from shipment)

1. Actuator should be stored with motor shaft in horizontal position and electrical enclosure in either the horizontal or vertical position.

2. Actuator should be stored indoors free from job site dirt, mud, moisture and temperature changes.

3. If indoor storage is not possible, the actuator must be stored off the ground above possible water or snow level. Remove M2CP and store with other electrical and electronic equipment in protected warehouse. If M2CP is not removed, Space heater MUST be energized to protect electrical controls.

4. Bettis supplies NPT plugs in each conduit entry. Do not remove until electrical hook-up. The customer conduit should be routed to enter electrical enclosure at 1-1/2 (1.50) NPT located at lowest point, so condensation does not drain into enclosure and damage parts.

5. Cover units loosely with a plastic sheet. This serves as partial protection from rain.

1.7 **Long Term Storage**

(Stored more than one year from shipment)

1. Store indoors or M2CP should be removed and stored in a protected area. Follow procedures of short term storage.

⚠️ **WARNING**

Failure to store actuator properly will void warranty of electrical & electronic components.
Section 2: M2CP Electrical Hook Up

Remove PWR and TBM covers to expose terminals for customer wiring. Bettis Modular Control Package (M2CP) is available configured in many combinations of electrical and electronic parts. Refer to WIRING DIAGRAM and Bettis JOB SPEC SHEET for components provided by Bettis. Connect control wires to TBM and Power (motor) Voltage to PWR terminals. If optional M2CP mounted circuit breaker was specified, connect power voltage leads to circuit breaker. Bettis terminal blocks are furnished with wire binding screw connectors with rising captive plates, allowing field connection by several methods: 1) strip and connect bare wire, 2) strip and install wire ferrule, 3) strip and install crimp-on insulated or non-insulated ring tongue or similar terminal. Circuit Breaker accepts 1) bare wire strip, or 2) wire ferrule.

Figure 2
2.1 Electrical Hook Up

Step 1. Move valve to mid-position by handwheel. This will allow sufficient time to stop actuator in case of improper hook-up or reversed incoming power voltage phases.

Step 2. Identify a means of removing power from actuator during check out. Be sure no erroneous remote control signal can be received causing actuator to energize.

Step 3. Energize Open control to check operation of contactor and pushbuttons. Open controls must move valve in Open direction. If valve Closes, actuator must be stopped and power input must be rewired.

⚠️ CAUTION

If voltage is improperly phased, Torque and Position Limit Switches are not in circuit to protect valve.

Step 4. Seal all field conduit entries in accordance with National Electric Code.
Section 3: Assembly to Valves

3.1 Threaded Valve Stem

3.1.1 Locknut Lockpin Installation

1. With actuator in place on valve, ensure proper flange mating and valve actuator orientation.
2. Use a number 30 (.1285) drill bit to drill a hole 3/4 inch deep into the Drive Sleeve assembly threads for the Locknut Lockpin (56) using groove in Stem Nut Locknut as drill guide.
3. Install Locknut Lockpin (56) into drilled hole to prevent Stem Nut Locknut from working loose and turning.

**NOTE:**
Install Locknut Lockpin (56) into drilled hole to prevent Stem Nut Locknut from working loose and turning. When installing, the Locknut Lockpin - it should extend 1/4 inch above the Drive Sleeve assembly to allow for future removal.

3.1.2 Stem Nut Installation (Multi-turn)

1. Unscrew Locknut (55) holding Bronze Stem Nut (54) and remove the Stem Nut and Key (52).
2. Lubricate Stem and run Stem Nut down Stem to check acme thread fit, then remove Stem Nut and set aside.
3. Lower actuator over Stem onto valve flange. The screws thru valve flange into actuator must engage a minimum of one full screw diameter deep into bottom base and be tightened to a preload. See assembly drawing for screw size and torque to tighten properly.

4. **Mounting Screws**

If Bettis supplied adaptation, the mounting screws are included. If adaptation to valve was the responsibility of others, the mounting screws are not furnished by Bettis. Screws thru adapter MUST engage a minimum of one screw diameter deep into Bettis actuator base.

1. Screw Stem Nut on Stem until it enters Drive Sleeve. Line (52) Key and (54) Drive Sleeve keyway and insert (52) Key.
2. Turn handwheel in Open direction, pulling Stem Nut into Drive Sleeve until it bottoms out (valve will begin to open).

**CAUTION**

Locknut must be tight against stem nut.

3. Lower Locknut (55) over Valve Stem and screw into place firmly against top of Stem Nut. Tap Locknut ears using brass drift until tight.

3.2.1 **Thrust Spool (Model 4000 & 5000)**

1. Locate Thrust Mounting bolts.
2. Remove eight mounting bolts and separate Spool from actuator.
3. Position Spool over Valve Stem. Thread Spool onto Valve Stem until it meets valve plate.
4. Bolt and secure Spool onto valve.
5. Position actuator above Spool. Lower actuator onto Spool while manually rotating the unit until ears on Stem Nut and ears on main Drive Sleeve mesh.
6. Grease flange face before securing unit to Spool.
7. Re-install thrust plate mounting bolts. Tighten to proper torque.

**NOTE:**
Reverse procedure if Stem Nut needs to be replaced. Actuator does not need to be returned to factory for this procedure.
3.2.2 Spline Bushing (Quarter-Turn)

Bettis removable Spline Bushing allows easy adaptation to valve shaft diameter and Key. Actuator may be rotated with respect to valve shaft for unexpected or awkward field installations.

1. Move valve to full Open or Close.
2. Place Spline Bushing on valve shaft with Key and tighten set screw.
3. Using handwheel on actuator, move gear position indicator arrow to full Open or Close (the position in Step 1)
4. Position actuator so Spline Bore is correctly aligned with the Spline Bushing on stem shaft.
5. Move actuator onto shaft until flange faces properly mate. Secure with screws thru the adapter flange into base of actuator.

3.3 Quarter-Turn Valve

3.3.1 Stop Setting Procedure

Built-in mechanical stops are provided to prevent handwheel operation beyond total valve travel (90 ± 6°). End of travel stops are independently adjusted, locked in place and sealed.

![Figure 4](image)

Loosen both Locknuts (46) and back out two Stopbolts (86) to allow valve to close and open fully. Ensure Electrical Travel Limit Switches have been adjusted (see appropriate section of this manual), proceed as follows:

1. Run actuator electrically to full Close.
2. Screw Close (86) Stopbolt in until it seats, then back off 1/2 turn. Install (48) Washer and tighten (46) Locknut.
3. Run actuator electrically to full Open.
4. Screw Open (86) Stopbolt in until it seats, then back off 1/2 turn. Install (48) Washer and tighten (46) Locknut.
Bettis Modular Control Package (MCP) is available configured in thousands of possible combinations of electrical and electronic parts. Refer to WIRING DIAGRAM and Bettis JOB SPEC SHEET provided by Bettis with each actuator.

Back out two Stopbolts (1) to allow valve to close and open fully.

Set Travel Limit Switches (see pg. 4).

1. Run actuator electrically to full Close.
2. Screw Close (1) Stopbolt in until it seats, then back off 1/2 turn. Tighten (2) Lockscrew.
3. Run actuator electrically to full Open.
4. Screw Open (1) Stopbolt in until it seats; back off 1/2 turn. Tighten Locknut.
5. Install (3) & (4) Seal Washer & Screw.

⚠️ CAUTION

Do not set actuator position Limit Switches to drive into mechanical stops. Damage can occur if unit is repeatedly stalled into end stops.
Section 4: Limit Switch Setting Instructions

4.1 Before making limit switch setting

1. Move valve to mid-position (use handwheel).
2. Phase the power (motor) voltage and make sure that open contactor moves valve Open and close contactor moves valve Closed.

⚠️ DANGER

Improper power voltage phasing eliminates protection of both position limit switch and torque switches, risking valve damage.

4.2 To set Open Limit Switch (LSO)

1. Open valve during handwheel operation note rotation direction of screwdriver (Fig. 6) in LSO Adjusting Shaft. After valve is fully Open, Close it three handwheel turns to allow for coasting when motor is actuated.

Figure 6
2. Disengage spring loaded gear: Push Disengage Shaft in (Fig. 7a) down, then rotate 90° so shaft is captured down. This will disengage limit switch gears from spring loaded drive gear.

Figure 7

![Diagram showing shaft disengagement process]

**NOTE:**
Many turns may be required to set limit switches; it may be convenient to use a reversible variable speed drill to rotate the adjusting shafts instead of a screwdriver.
3. Line up LSO indicator: If switch rotor arrow does not line with round holes (within ± 15°) on plate as shown in Fig. 8a, rotate screwdriver in same direction noted in Step 1 until switch just rotates. If arrows line up as shown in Fig. 8b, rotate screwdriver in the opposite direction until switch just rotates.

**Figure 8**

4. Re-engage the spring-loaded drive gear by rotating disengage shaft in Fig. 8a. Spring loaded disengage shaft will rise.

**IMPORTANT:**

To insure limit switch gears have re-engaged properly with spring loaded drive gear, firmly “jiggle” (rotate) all adjusting shafts with screwdriver back and forth. Proper engagement has been made if all shafts (LSC, LSO, LSA & LSB) will not turn with screwdriver.

### 4.3 Set (LSC) Close Limit Switch

1. Close valve, using handwheel. During handwheel operation note rotation direction of screwdriver in LSC adjusting shaft. After valve is fully Closed, Open it three handwheel turns to allow for coast.

2. Repeat steps 2 through 5 of LSO setting instructions with screwdriver in LSC cavity.

**IMPORTANT:**

“Jiggle” adjusting shafts.
4.4 To set Intermediate Switch (LSA or LSB), if included

1. Open Valve to desired position, then repeat steps 2 thru 5 of LSO.

**NOTE:**
“jiggle” adjusting shafts.

4.5 Torque Seated Valves

If valve is a torque seated valve, and the geared limit contacts are used for indication only, the LSC switch should be set several handwheel turns ahead of torque switch contact action. This gives proper valve position Lamp indication in spite of minor position variations which might occur due to torque seating.

4.6 Torque Switch Calibration

![Figure 9](image)

To set Close Torque Switch (TSC)

a. Close valve using handwheel. Set valve to the desired torque. Observe rotating dial for number that corresponds to desired Close Torque.

b. Insert screwdriver in TSC slot. Press down to disengage and turn arrow to setting determined in a). Release at this point and it will re-engage and remain set.

c. Back the valve away from Close position and reseat by handwheel to verify torque trip point is at desired setting. The trip point of switch is a distinctive click as it breaks contact.
**DANGER**

Reverse power voltage phasing removes torque switch protection from reversing contractor coil circuits. Valve damage could occur. If phasing has not been checked, do so before proceeding. Back valve away from Close position with handwheel and test torque electrically, using Close controls. Readjust as required.

### 4.7 To set Open Torque Switch (TSO)

a. Follow procedure as for TSC at TSO dial.

### 4.8 Torque Switch Rotation Limit

Adjustment rotation may be limited. Remove dial to expose anti-rotation pins. Remove pins from position 10 and insert into the desired hole.

---

*Figure 10*
Section 5: Multi-turn Actuators

Multi-turn top-mounted and side-mount bevel gear actuators require use of Gear Reduction Assembly part no. 84055-0000 for Mechanical Dial Position Indication MDPI and 1-turn Pot. N-number replaces -0000 to complete part no. For 1-turn Pot only without Dial Indication part no. is 84117-0000. Refer to Bettis JOB SPEC SHEET for MDPI furnished.

MDPI Mechanical Dial Position Indication is a gear reduction assembly to convert multi-turn valve stem nut turns to 270 degrees (.75 turn) for viewing position indication arrow thru glass window on actuator electric switch compartment cover. Point of rotation reference has been designated as N-number. N is the total number of electric actuator 12-tooth gear limit spring-load pinion rotations for full valve stroke.

Figure 11

5.1 Calibration

MDPI & POT Drive is calibrated after LSC and LSO are properly set (Pg. 4). Move valve to Close position. Manually rotate MDPI arrow to indicate Close. Calibration is now complete. Open valve to check that MDPI arrow goes to Open, indicating that N is correct for full valve travel. Potentiometer, if included, has been calibrated. Mechanical dial travel is 270°. Approximately 5% of total Pot resistance is left on each end for total valve travel.
5.2 Quarter-Turn Model P, Q, R & M

Top-mount P, Q and R and several models of M/MG’s side-mount do not require MDPI gear reduction assembly for 1-turn Pot. If multi-turn Pot is required, Bettis JOB SPEC SHEET will list 84131-0000 or the correct assembly. Spec Sheet will list, (1) Pot clutch gear, (2) Pot input gear and (3) potentiometer.

Figure 12
Section 6: M2CP Wiring Diagram Symbols

6.1 Description

Refer to Bettis JOB SPEC SHEET and Bettis WIRING DIAGRAM for components furnished.

---

**Figure 13** Potentiometer

Potentiometer slider is geared to Valve Position and “in-step” at all times.

---

**Figure 14** Transformer

Outputs: 120, 12 and 18Vac.

---

**Figure 15** Pilot Lamps - LED Indicators

Actuated by position limit switches.

---

**Figure 16** Position Limit Switch

LSC shows open. LSO shown made.

---

**Figure 17** Torque Limit Switches

N.C. Double Break Contacts Open when overload occurs. N.O. contacts make.

---

**Figure 18** Fuse
**Figure 19  Pushbuttons N.C.**

Momentary N.C. Contact

**Figure 20  Pushbuttons N.O.**

Momentary N.O. contacts connects control voltage to reversing contactor 8 coils. Seal-in contacts C and O (14,13) on contactor allow travel without continued holding down of pushbutton.

**Figure 21  Terminal Points**

Factory wired by Bettis.

**Figure 22  Space Heater**

Heater in Switch. Compartment is standard

**Figure 23  Circuit Plug & Receptacle**

**Figure 24  Grounds**
Figure 25  Reversing Contactor

Showing Open and Close coils, Mechanical Interlock, and Electrical Interlock Contacts O (21, 22) & C (21, 22)

Figure 26  Nuisance Trip

To prevent (TSO) contact tripping when valve has been jammed closed - LSC contact allows valve to open slightly. Contact then open, ensuring torque protection for remaining travel

Figure 27  Circuit Breaker

Figure 28  Selector Switch N.C. & N.O. Double Break
Figure 29  3 Phase Motor with overload relay heaters & contractor contacts

Figure 30  SS Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Hand</th>
<th>Off</th>
<th>Auto</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S1</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S2</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S3</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>X</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>S4</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
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<td>S5</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S6</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S7</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 31  Contact N.C.

Figure 32  Contact N.O.
## Section 7: Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Probable Cause</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Motor will not Run</strong></td>
<td>Blown Control Fuse</td>
<td>Check Fuse and Replace as necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Open in Control Circuit</td>
<td>Refer to appropriate wiring diagram and check for continuity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insulation Resistance Breakdown in Motor</td>
<td>Perform Megger Test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>No Power available to Actuator</strong></td>
<td>Tripped Circuit Breaker</td>
<td>Reset Circuit Breaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Handwheel Hard to Turn</strong></td>
<td>Valve Stem improperly Lubricated</td>
<td>Lubricate with Grease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Actuator Lubrication has broken down</td>
<td>Clean out old grease and replace with recommended lubricant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Valve packing gland too tight</td>
<td>Loosen packing gland nuts as necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Drive Sleeve Bearing Failure</td>
<td>Replace Bearing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jammed Valve</td>
<td>Refer to Valve Maintenance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Valve only opens or closes partially with motor</strong></td>
<td>Torque Switch Setting too low</td>
<td>Check Setting and Reset if necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Limit Switch Improperly Set</td>
<td>Check Switch Actuation and recalibrate if necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Torque switch is properly set, but actuator</strong></td>
<td>Damaged or bent valve stem</td>
<td>Refer to Valve Maintenance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Valve packing too tight</td>
<td>Refer to Valve Maintenance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jammed Valve (obstruction in line)</td>
<td>Refer to Valve Maintenance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Torque’s out in mid-travel, open or closed direction</strong></td>
<td>Handwheel shaft bearing assembly malfunction</td>
<td>Repair or replace as necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sheared gear key or Stripped Gearing</td>
<td>Replace as necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PS Shifter Position or Malfunction</td>
<td>Replace Gear(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Handwheel will not operate valve</strong></td>
<td>Broken Handwheel Shaft</td>
<td>Repair or replace as necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Broken Valve Stem or Stripped Stem Nut</td>
<td>Repair or replace as necessary</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Troubleshooting

#### Motor runs but will not operate the valve

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Motor Bearing Assembly Malfunction</td>
<td>Repair or replace as necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheared gear key (fastener pin)</td>
<td>Replace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stripped Gearing</td>
<td>Replace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broken Valve Stem or Stripped Stem Nut</td>
<td>Repair or replace as necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PS shifter position or malfunction</td>
<td>Replace PS Assembly</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Moisture in Electrical Enclosure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leakage through Conduit Entry</td>
<td>Install an approved Seal-off or re-route conduit to enter Enclosure from the bottom of enclosure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical Enclosure is not properly sealed</td>
<td>Inspect and replace O-ring if necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Space Heater Inoperable</td>
<td>Check Circuit continuity for Heater</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Gear (Oil) in Electrical Enclosures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pressure Relief Fitting not installed</td>
<td>Install Pressure Relief Fitting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bad Seal on T/L or G/L Assembly</td>
<td>Replace Stat-O-Seals or O-Rings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rotate Actuator Mounting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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No. 1 Lai Yuan Road
Wuqing Development Area
Tianjin 301700
P. R. China
T +86 22 8212 3300

**MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA**

P. O. Box 17033
Jebel Ali Free Zone
Dubai
T +971 4 811 8100

P. O. Box 10305
Jubail 31961
Saudi Arabia
T +966 3 340 8650

24 Angus Crescent
Longmeadow Business Estate East
P. O. Box 6908 Greenstone
1616 Modderfontein Extension 5
South Africa
T +27 11 451 3700

**EUROPE**

Holland Fasor 6
Székesfehérvár 8000
Hungary
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